

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/940,805	ı	08/29/2001	Daniel P. Stachowicz	58880/278	4584	
23838	7590	09/30/2005		EXAMINER		
KENYON		ON		WEINSTEIN, STEVEN L		
1500 K STREET NW SUITE 700				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTON, DC 20005				1761		

DATE MAILED: 09/30/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			L			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/940,805	STACHOWICZ ET	AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	_			
	Steven L. Weinstein	1761				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence ad	dress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory in - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NG DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC, FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a report. Period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTI statute, cause the application to become ABA	ATION. bly be timely filed HS from the mailing date of this on the mailing date of the mailing date of the mailing date of this on the mailing date of the mailing date				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	13 June 2005.					
	This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for al		rs, prosecution as to the	merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the applic 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are wit 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	thdrawn from consideration.		"			
	ana/or election requirement.					
Application Papers	i					
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐		v the Evaminer				
Applicant may not request that any objection f		•				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the o			FR 1 121(d)			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by t						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International B * See the attached detailed Office action for	ments have been received. ments have been received in Ap e priority documents have been r sureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National	Stage			
;	·					
Attachment(s)	_					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		ummary (PTO-413) /Mail Date				
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/92 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	``'	formal Patent Application (PTC 	O-152)			

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05) Application/Control Number: 09/940,805

Art Unit: 1761

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1- 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shannon ('238), as further evidenced by Janik (EP '132), in view of Craig (GB '224), Schultz etal ('809), Ekdahl ('111), Lacey ('262), Loucony ('533), Setecka ('458), and Hueg ('719), further in view of Ooms (EP '006), Berrod (FR '674), Parrish et al ('523), Weschsler ('496), Delorimiere ('917), Moore ('654), Knight ('165), Niggemeyer ('584), and applicant's admission of the prior art.

In regard to claim 1, Shannon discloses a decorative tip for insertion into a bag or a coupler having a hollow shaft having a non- decorative opening for receiving filling and a tip that could be used as a decorative tip extending from and integral with the hollow shaft the decorative opening being capable of extruding filling and wherein the coupler is capable of being attached to a second decorative tip capable of extruding filling in a second decorative shape. That the coupler of Shannon is capable of being called a decorative tip and capable of extruding filling in a decorative shape is evidenced by Craig, Schultz, Ekdahl, Lacey, Loucony, Setecka and Hueg, all of whom teach nozzle or extruder openings that are round and produce cylindrical material used as decorations. Claim 1 differs from Shannon in the recitation that the decorative tip is non-circular and produces a non-circular shape. Shannon teaches providing a decorative tip that is non-circular so that it could be for immediate use when associated

Application/Control Number: 09/940,805

Art Unit: 1761

with a bag, but does not disclose whether it is attachable or not to another decorative tip. Shannon also discloses a coupler for a bag that has an opening that is capable of decorating but is circular but wherein the coupler is attachable to other tips. To modify the first embodiment of Shannon and provide the non-circular tip with a coupling means so that one could still use the device immediately as taught by Shannon, but also have the capability of employing differently shaped openings as also taught by Shannon would have been obvious in view of Shannon and the art taken as a whole that further teaches that decorator tips allows one to immediately start decorating without additional manipulations, whereas providing attachment means to a conduit or channel for use in a bag provides one with the ability to impart various decorative shapes and not be left with only one choice. Note that the structural element of Shannon to be associated with the bag, whether it is a noncircular element without fastening means or a circular element with fastening means are both conduits. Shannon and the art taken as a whole teaches if one desires to provide a choice in decorative design, one should provide the interior element/conduit with fastening means. Similarly, to modify the second embodiment and provide the element that has fastening means with a non-circular opening if one wanted the opening to be used to provide an immediate non-cylindrical shape would have been obvious as an obvious matter of design and because the art taken as a whole teaches one to provide a non-circular opening if one desires to have the device for immediate use. Note that applicants are not the first to change the shape of an extruded product by positioning one decorative die opening over another decorative die opening as evidenced by Ekdahl (page 2, col. 1 para. 4). Note, too, that claim 1 does not really

Application/Control Number: 09/940,805

Art Unit: 1761

recite any attachable structure or means associated with the coupler itself. Claim 1 is broad enough to read on the coupler being attachable (i.e. capable of attaching) to the tip by adhesive or a piece of tape. In any case, the art taken as a whole are replete with examples of threads and nuts. In regard to the dependent claims and the assembly claims, as noted in previous Office actions, it was well established in the art taken as a whole, including Shannon, to pre-fill bag and provide a preassembled bag with coupler, and the use of plastic or fabric was also conventional. In regard to the shape of the opening, the art taken as a whole teaches that dentate and star-shaped openings, were, of course, notoriously old in the art. In regard to the method claims it would have been obvious to provide a shaped opening, coupler with a nozzle tip if one wanted to provide a variety of shapes for the reasons given above. Finally, it is not clear that the phrase "non-circular" would necessarily include an opening that has a dentate design around the perimeter of the opening. When viewing the opening head-on, it would still appear that the opening is circular as in a circular array of teeth-like projections. What orientation is one using to recite a non-circular shape? Note, too, that the product shaped from such an opening could be termed a corrugated, cylindrical shape.

The remainder of the references cited on the PTO892 form are cited as pertinent art.

All of applicant's remarks filed 6/13/05 have been fully and carefully considered and are either found to be moot in view of the new rejection are have been previously addressed.

Art Unit: 1761

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Steven L. Weinstein whose telephone number is 571-272-1410. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:00AM to 2:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Milton Cano, can be reached on 571-272-1398. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).